

# **NEWS RELEASE**

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE . FARM SERVICE AGENCY

USDA Farm Service Agency

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## 90 Kentucky Counties Eligible for FSA Emergency Loans

(LEXINGTON, August 23, 2012) --- On August 15, 2012, Secretary Vilsack declared 68 Kentucky Countles as disaster areas due to damages and losses caused by drought that occurred on April 1, 2012, and continuing. Those counties are: Adair, Allen, Anderson, Barren, Bath, Boone, Bourbon, Boyd, Bracken, Bullitt, Campbell, Carroll, Carter, Clark, Clinton, Cumberland, Edmonson, Elliott, Estill, Fayette, Fleming, Floyd, Franklin, Gallatin, Garrard, Grant, Green Greenup, Harrison, Hart, Jackson, Jefferson, Jessamine, Johnson, Kenton, Laurel, Lawrence, Lewis, Lincoln, Madison, Magoffin, Marlon, Mason, Menifee, Metcalfe, Montgomery, Nelson, Nicholas, Owen, Pendleton, Pike, Powell, Pulaski, Robertson, Rockcastle, Rowan, Russell, Scott, Shelby, Simpson, Spencer, Taylor, Trimble, Warren, Washington, Wayne, Wolfe, and Woodford.

As a result of the declaration, 22 counties were named as contiguous countles where eligible family farmers may qualify for FSA EM loan assistance pursuant to Section 321(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act.

Those counties are: Boyle, Breathltt, Butler, Casey, Clay, Grayson, Hardin, Henry, Knott, Knox, Larue, Lee, Letcher, Logan, McCreary, Martin, Mercer, Monroe, Morgan, Oldham, Owsley, and Whitley.

EM loan applications for physical and production losses will be received through April 15, 2013, and applications pending on that date may be processed and completed.

Farmers interested in applying for assistance should contact their local FSA county office.

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#### Overview

USDA's Farm Service Agency (FSA) provides emergency loans to help producers recover from production and physical losses due to drought, flooding, other natural disasters or quarantine.

#### Loan Uses

Emergency loan funds may be used to:

- Restore or replace essential property;
- Pay all or part of production costs associated with the disaster year;
- Pay essential family living expenses;
- Reorganize the farming operation and;
- Refinance certain debts.

## Eligibility

Emergency loans may be made to farmers and ranchers who:

Own or operate land located in a county declared by the President or designated by the Secretary of Agriculture as a primary disaster area or quarantine area. All counties contiguous to
the declared, designated,
or quarantined primary
counties also are eligible
for emergency loans. A
disaster designation by
the FSA administrator
authorizes emergency
loan assistance for
physical losses only
in the designated and
contiguous counties;

- Are established family farm operators and have sufficient farming or ranching experience;
- Are citizens or permanent residents of the United States;
- Have suffered at least a 30 percent loss in crop production or a physical loss to livestock, livestock products, real estate or chattel property;
- Have an acceptable credit history;
- Are unable to receive credit from commercial sources;
- Can provide collateral to secure the loan and;
- Have repayment ability.

## Loan Requirements

FSA loan requirements are different from those of other lenders. Some of the more significant differences are the following:

- Borrowers must keep acceptable farm records;
- Borrowers must operate in accordance with a farm plan they develop and agree to with local FSA staff and;
- Borrowers may be required to participate in a financial management training program and obtain crop insurance.

## Collateral is Required

All emergency loans must be fully collateralized. The specific type of collateral may vary depending on the loan purpose, repayment ability and the individual circumstances of the applicant. If applicants cannot provide adequate collateral, their repayment ability may be considered as collateral to secure the loan. A first lien is required on property or products acquired, produced or refinanced with loan funds.

#### Loan Limit

Producers can borrow up to 100 percent of actual production or physical losses, to a maximum amount of \$500,000.

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#### Loan Terms

Loans for crop, livestock, and non-real estate losses are normally repaid within one to seven years, depending on the loan purpose, repayment ability and collateral available as loan security. In special circumstances, terms of up to 20 years may be authorized. Loans for physical losses to real estate are normally repaid within 30 years. In certain circumstances, repayment may be made over a maximum of 40 years.

#### Interest Rate

The current annual interest rate for emergency loans is 2.25 percent.

### Application Deadline

Applications for emergency loans must be received within eight months of the county's disaster or quarantine designation date.

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